

Sl.No. M23246

Course Code : 161023T02

**VINAYAKA MISSION'S RESEARCH FOUNDATION, SALEM
(Deemed to be University)**

THIRD MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION – February 2021

PART I

ENT

SECTION A

Time: Fifteen Minutes

Maximum: 15 marks

Register Number :

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Signature of the candidate

Signature of the Invigilator

Instructions to the candidates

- 1. Write your Register Number and sign at the place specified on the first page of this Question Booklet.**
- 2. Do not open this question booklet until Invigilator announces the commencement of the examination.**
- 3. Answer ALL the Fifteen questions. They carry equal marks. No negative marking for wrong answers.**
- 4. Answers should be marked legibly in the SHEET provided in capital letters.**
- 5. THE QUESTION BOOKLET SHOULD NOT BE TAKEN OUT OF THE EXAMINATION HALL.**
- 6. Questions should not be copied and taken out of the Examination Hall. Any one found violating this rule shall not be permitted to write the examination and shall be sent out of the Hall.**
- 7. At the end of 15 minutes, when the Invigilator announces 'STOP WRITING' you must stop writing immediately. If the candidate tries to attempt to answer the questions after the prescribed time, their answer script becomes invalid.**
- 8. Hand over the questions booklet containing answer sheet to the invigilator when you finish answering or immediately after 15 minutes.**

ENT

SECTION-A (15X1-15 MARKS)

(Multiple choice questions)

Time: Fifteen Minutes

Maximum: 15 marks

Select the most appropriate answer and answer in the answer sheet attached:

1. Length of external auditory canal is
 - A. 36 mm
 - B. 24 mm
 - C. 16 mm
 - D. 12 mm

2. Endolymph is found in
 - A. Scala tympani
 - B. Scala media
 - C. Scala vestibuli
 - D. All of the above

3. Gradenigo syndrome includes
 - A. Retro-orbital pain
 - B. 7th nerve palsy
 - C. Diplopia
 - D. Both a & c

4. Which of the following is / are complications of CSOM?
 - A. Luc's abscess
 - B. Facial nerve palsy
 - C. Citelli's abscess
 - D. All of the above

5. Sodium fluoride is used in the management of
 - A. Otosclerosis
 - B. Vestibular neuronitis
 - C. Meniere's disease
 - D. Sudden SNHL

(p.t.o.)

6. All are cause of recurrent laryngeal nerve/ vocal cord palsy except.
 - A. Ortners syndrome
 - B. Post - thyroidectomy
 - C. CA lung apex
 - D. Plummer Vinson syndrome

7. Mamillated appearance of interarytenoid region is seen in
 - A. Atrophic laryngitis
 - B. TB Larynx
 - C. Syphilis larynx
 - D. Leprosy of larynx

8. Most common method of tonsillectomy is
 - A. Dissection and snare
 - B. Electrocautery
 - C. Coblation tonsillectomy
 - D. Radiofrequency ablation

9. What is type 1 thyroplasty?
 - A. Medialisation
 - B. Lateralisation
 - C. Lengthening
 - D. Shortening

10. Kashima procedure is related to
 - A. Vocal cords
 - B. Paranasal sinus
 - C. 7th nerve
 - D. 8th nerve

11. Which of the following is “Dangerous area of nose”?
 - A. Littles area
 - B. Olfactory area
 - C. Vestibule
 - D. Lateral wall of nose

-- (3) --

12. Which of the following is called 'Artery of epistaxis'?
- A. Anterior ethmoidal artery
 - B. Sphenopalatine artery
 - C. Greater palatine artery
 - D. Posterior ethmoidal artery
13. Merciful anosmia is seen in
- A. Rhinitis sicca
 - B. Rhinoscleroma
 - C. Atrophic rhinitis
 - D. Rhinophyma
14. Which of the following is surgical management if atrophic rhinitis?
- A. Denker's procedure
 - B. Submucosal resection
 - C. FESS
 - D. Young's operation
15. Most common type of carcinoma of maxillary sinus
- A. Adenocarcinoma
 - B. Squamous cell carcinoma
 - C. Chondrosarcoma
 - D. Transitional cell carcinoma

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PART I
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Time : Three hours

Maximum : 80 marks

Answer ALL Questions

Answer Section A in the Answer Sheet attached to it 15 marks – 15 minutes to be handed over to the invigilator immediately after 15 minutes

Answer Section B in the same answer book

Time : 2 hours 45 minutes

SECTION – B

Maximum : 65 marks

I. Write essays on :

(2 x 15 = 30)

1. 50 year old patient with unilateral nasal obstruction and bleeding epistaxis . Write in detail the differential diagnosis, other clinical features, investigation and management of the most probable diagnosis.
2. Enumerate INTRA and EXTRA cranial complications of CSOM. Describe in detail management of temporal lobe abscess and modified Radical Mastoidectomy.

II. Short notes on :

(5 x 5= 25)

3. Referred otalgia.
4. Chronic retropharyngeal abscess.
5. Surgical management of atrophic Rhinitis.
6. Achalasia cardia.
7. Physiology of phonation.

III. Answer briefly on :

(5 x 2 = 10)

8. Laryngeal crepitus.
9. Adenoid facies.
10. Myringotomy.
11. Classic symptoms of allergic rhinitis.
12. Two common sites of CSF leak in nose.
